



Approved For Release 2003/08/08 : CIA-RDP80R01731R002100010018-3

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
HEADQUARTERS US ARMY ARMOR SCHOOL  
FORT KNOX, KENTUCKY 40121

Executive Registry
75-1633

ATSB-SE

25 MAR 1975

*W*

Lieutenant General Vernon A. Walters  
Deputy Director  
Central Intelligence Agency  
Washington, D. C. 20505

Dear General Walters:

We at the Home of Cavalry and Armor wish to express our sincere appreciation for your outstanding presentation to our Armor Officer Advanced Class on 10 March 1975. Due to you our first intelligence day was a huge success. All presentations were timely, informative, and well received by the students and the faculty of the Armor School. They were surely needed.

I hope that your visit to the Armor School was pleasant. Once again, many thanks for a superb presentation.

Respectfully,

*Bo Williams*

PAUL S. WILLIAMS, JR.  
Brigadier General, USA  
Assistant Commandant



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
HEADQUARTERS US ARMY ARMOR CENTER AND FORT KNOX  
FORT KNOX, KENTUCKY 40121

7 March 1975

TRADOC INTELLIGENCE DAY

10 March 1975

ITINERARY

Lieutenant General Vernon A. Walters  
Deputy Director, Central Intelligence Agency  
Washington, D. C.

Lieutenant General Daniel O. Graham  
Director, Defense Intelligence Agency  
Washington, D. C.

Major General George A. Godding  
Commanding General, US Army Security Agency  
Arlington, Virginia

[REDACTED]  
Deputy Director for Operations  
National Security Agency/Central Security Service  
Fort Meade, Maryland

STAT

Brigadier General John A. Smith, Jr.  
Deputy Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence  
Department of the Army  
Washington, D. C.

[REDACTED]  
Deputy Director for Estimates  
Defense Intelligence Agency  
Washington, D. C.

STAT

Mr. Herb Taylor  
Office of the Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence  
Department of the Army  
Washington, D. C.

<u>TIME</u>	<u>ACTIVITY</u>	<u>RESPONSIBLE</u>
<u>Monday, 10 March 1975</u>		
0900	Arrive Godman Army Airfield	Asst Comdt, USAARMS
0900-0910	En route US Army Armor School, Gaffey Hall	
0910-0920	Preparation for Presentations	Asst Comdt, USAARMS
0920-0930	Welcome and Introduction	Asst Comdt, USAARMS
0930-1010	Presentation by LTG Walters	
1010-1015	Introduction of LTG Graham	
*1015-1055	Presentation by LTG Graham	
1055-1100	Break	
1100-1105	Introduction of MG Godding	
1105-1145	Presentation by MG Godding	
1145-1150	En route Brick Mess	
1150-1300	Official Luncheon, Cardinal Room, Brick Mess	Asst Comdt, USAARMS
1300-1305	En route Gaffey Hall	
**1305-1310	Introduction of MG Wolff	
1310-1350	Presentation by MG Wolff	
1350-1405	Break	
1405-1410	Introduction of BG Smith	
1410-1450	Presentation by BG Smith	
1450-1500	Stand Up Break (Set up panel)	
*1020-1145	USAARMC and USAARMS Briefings for LTG Walters and MG Wolff	
**1305-1435	USAARMC and USAARMS Briefings for LTG Graham, BG Smith and MG Godding	

<u>TIME</u>	<u>ACTIVITY</u>	<u>RESPONSIBLE</u>
	<u>Monday, 10 March 1975 (cont)</u>	
1500-1600	Questions/Discussions	Asst Comdt, USAARMS
1600-1605	En route Godman Army Airfield	Asst Comdt, USAARMS
1605	Depart Godman Army Airfield	

Purpose of visit: In conjunction with TRADOC Intelligence Day the panel will address the Armor Officer Advanced Course and selected staff and faculty on intelligence related subjects.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

  
ROBERT L. EATON  
AG Admin Asst

DISTRIBUTION:

- 10 - SGS
- 5 - Asst Comdt
- 1 - DCG
- 1 - DPCA
- 2 - DSEC
- 2 - DPT
- 1 - DIO
- 1 - DFAE
- 1 - DRC
- 1 - Compt
- 20 - Protocol
- 25 - USAARMS
- 2 - AG
- 1 - IO
- 2 - PM
- 1 - HQ Comdt
- 1 - ARR VI
- 1 - Second ROTC Region
- 1 - ICM (ATTN: Officers' Branch Manager)
- 1 - MEDDAC
- 1 - USACC Agency
- 1 - 1st Tng Bde
- 1 - 4th Tng Bde
- 1 - 5th Tng Bde
- 1 - Com Gp
- 1 - USARECSTA
- 1 - NCO Academy
- 1 - Fort Knox Postmaster

Approved For Release 2003/08/08 : CIA-RDP80R01731R002100010018-3



LTG WALTERS

Approved For Release 2003/08/08 : CIA-RDP80R01731R002100010018-3

INTELLIGENCE DAY

FORT KNOX, KY

10 MARCH 1975

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
SAM Schedule.....	1
Fort Knox	
Itinerary.....	2
General Information.....	3
Major Units.....	7
Key Personnel.....	8
Class Profile - Armor Officers' Advanced Course.	9
Schedule of Remaining Intelligence Day Briefings.....	11

SAM SCHEDULE

10 March (Monday)

Depart 0725 (Andrews AFB, Bldg 1245, VIP Lounge)  
Arrive 0900 (Fort Knox)

Depart 1545 (Fort Knox)  
Arrive 1715 (Andrews AFB, Bldg 1245)



ITINERARY

INTELLIGENCE DAY, FORT KNOX, KENTUCKY

10 March 1975

0900	Arrive by SAM Aircraft at Godman Army Airfield
0930-1010	LTG Walters' Presentation
1010-1055	LTG Graham's Presentation
1055-1100	Break
1100-1145	MG Godding's Presentation
(1115-1145	BG Smith & Mr. Taylor to see Mr. Booher, Special Assistant to the Secretary of the Army for the State of Kentucky)
1145-1300	Lunch
1305-1350	MG Wolff's Presentation
1350-1405	Break
1405-1450	BG Smith's Presentation
1450-1500	Break
1500-1600	Panel Questions & Answers
1600	Depart Fort Knox for Andrews AFB

### FORT KNOX HISTORY

Military activity in this area dates back over a century, to the time of the Civil War. Union forces, under Major General Don Carlos Buell, occupied Fort Hill, atop the Muldraugh Ridge in 1862. General John Hunt Morgan, the "Thunderbolt of the Confederacy", led his famed and feared 2nd Kentucky Cavalry over the ridge on 28 December 1862, burned two railway trestles, captured over 800 prisoners and routed the Union forces. Only the day before, Morgan raided Elizabethtown to the south and captured 600 very surprised Federal troops.

In July of the following year, Morgan passed through this area again. After hiding much of his forces in the caves (in what is now Otter Creek Park on the western edge of the post) while he secured ferries, he crossed the Ohio at Brandenburg to unleash his raid into Indiana and Ohio. This raid marked the northernmost penetration of the Union States by regular Confederate troops during the war. Before Morgan was captured near Salineville, Ohio, 20 days later, 600 casualties had been inflicted on Union Home Guards, 6,000 had been captured and paroled and \$10,000,000 worth of Federal property was destroyed.

Large scale maneuvers of the Army were held in 1903 in the general area the post covers. In those days the farm hamlet of Stithton was centered in the area of the Civic Center and the Main Post Chapel was the Stithton Baptist Church.

In 1918, acreage was purchased by the War Department for the construction of an Artillery Center. Construction began the same year for facilities to house 22,700 men. The center was named Camp Knox in honor of Major General Henry Knox. General Knox succeeded General Washington as commander of the Colonial Army and was President Washington's first Secretary of War.

Camp Knox was not completed before the Armistice (11 November 1918) and with a reduction in the Army in 1921-1922, the Camp was suspended as a permanent post. The Camp was retained as a Fifth Corps Area training center. From 1922-1926, the winter garrison consisted of one infantry company. The summer brought thousands of Reservists, and National Guardsmen for field training. From 1925-1928, the Camp was designated a National Forest by executive order of the President.

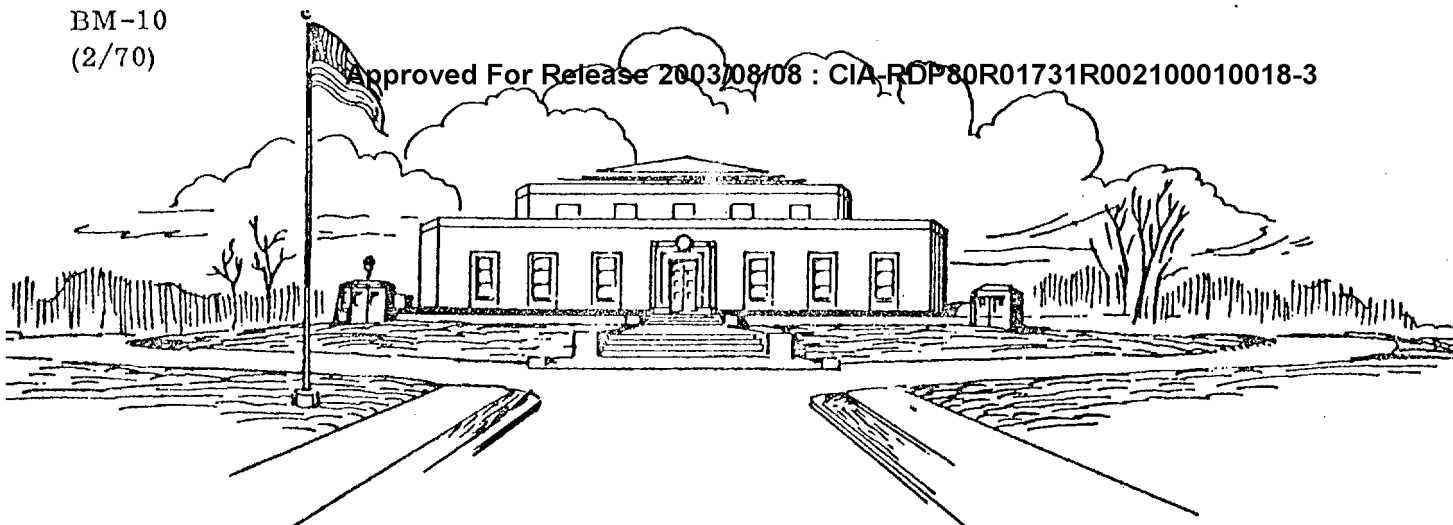
In 1931, Lieutenant General Daniel Van Voorhis, then a colonel of Cavalry, in command of the original Mechanized Cavalry, visited Camp Knox with other members of a War Department delegation and selected the post as the most suitable place for the organization and training of a Mechanized Cavalry Brigade.

On 1 January 1932, Camp Knox was renamed Fort Knox as a permanent garrison. Development of mechanized cavalry at Fort Knox began in January 1933, when General (then Colonel) Van Voorhis took a convoy to Marfa, Texas, and brought the 1st Cavalry, which for 100 years had been a horse regiment, to Fort Knox.

After the Louisiana Maneuvers in 1940, the Armored Force was born in the basement of the Alexandria, Louisiana High School. General Andrews, War Department G-3, Generals Chaffee and Magruder, and Colonels Gillem and Patton of the Mechanized Forces unanimously decided that training and development of mechanized forces could no longer be accomplished by separate branches.

The Armored Force, the Armored Center, and Armored Corps and the 1st and 2nd Armored Divisions were activated here in July 1940. The Armored Force School and Replacement Training Center, soon established at the Armored Center grew within months to become an effective training establishment which graduated Armor specialists and leaders who were the mainstay of the World War II Armored striking forces. The school reached a peak of 1,440 officers and 22,500 enlisted graduates in a single year.

The officer primarily responsible for expanding the Armored Force far beyond the original dreams of Lieutenant General Daniel Van Voorhis, was Lieutenant General Jacob L. Devers. General Devers became Chief of the Armored Force on 4 August 1941 and welded the Armored Force into fifteen armored divisions and many separate tank battalions.



## THE UNITED STATES BULLION DEPOSITORY

Fort Knox, Kentucky

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MINT  
Treasury Department  
Washington, D. C.

A large amount of the monetary gold stocks of the United States is stored in the vault of the Fort Knox Bullion Depository, one of the institutions under the supervision of the Director of the Mint, an official of the United States Treasury. The Depository vault contains gold valued at more than \$6,000,000,000. The balance is held in the Philadelphia and Denver Mints and the New York and San Francisco Assay Offices.

The Depository was completed in December of 1936, at a cost of \$560,000. It is located approximately 30 miles southwest of Louisville, Kentucky, on a site which formerly was a part of the Fort Knox military reservation. The first gold was moved to the Depository by railroad in January 1937. That series of shipments was completed in June 1937.

The two-story basement and attic building is constructed of granite, steel, and concrete; exterior dimensions measure 105 by 121 feet. Its height is 42 feet above the first floor level. Construction was under supervision of the Procurement Division of the Treasury Department, now the Public Buildings Administration of the General Services Administration. Upon completion, the Depository was placed under the jurisdiction of the Director of the Mint.

Within the building is a two-level steel and concrete vault, divided into compartments. The vault door weighs more than twenty tons. No one person is entrusted with the combination. Various members of the Depository staff must dial separately combinations known only to them. The vault casing is constructed of steel plates, steel I-beams and steel cylinders laced with hoop bands and encased in concrete. the vault roof is of similar construction and is independent of the Depository roof.

Between the corridor encircling the vault and the outer wall of the building is space utilized for offices, storerooms and the like.

The outer wall of the Depository is of granite, lined with concrete. Included in the materials used in construction were 16,500 cubic feet of granite, 4,200 cubic yards of concrete, 750 tons of reinforcing steel and 670 tons of structural steel.

Over the marble entrance at the front of the building is the inscription "United States Depository" with the seal of the Treasury Department in gold. Offices of the Officer in Charge and the Captain of the Guard open upon the entrance lobby. At the rear of the building is another entrance for the reception of bullion and supplies.

At each corner of the structure, on the outside, but connected with it, are four guard boxes. Sentry boxes, similar to the guard boxes at the corners of the Depository, are located at the entrance gate. A driveway encircles the building and a steel fence marks the boundaries of the site.

The building is equipped with the latest and most modern protective devices. The nearby Army Post gives additional protection. The Depository is equipped with its own emergency power plant, water system and other facilities. In the basement is a pistol range for the guards.

The gold in the Depository is in the form of standard mint bars of almost pure gold, or coin gold bars resulting from the melting of gold coin. These bars are about the size of an ordinary building brick, but are somewhat smaller. The approximate dimensions are 7 x 3-5/8 x 1-3/4 inches. The fine gold bars contain approximately 400 troy ounces of gold, worth \$15,200. The avoirdupois weight is about 27-1/2 pounds. They are stored without wrappings in the vault compartments. When they are handled, great care is exercised to avoid abrasion of the soft metal.

Mr. Victor H. Harkin, a man of many years' experience in the field service of the Bureau of the Mint, is the Officer in Charge of the Fort Knox Depository. The guard force is made up of men selected from various Government agencies, or recruited from Civil Service registers.

No visitors are permitted. This policy was adopted when the Depository was established, and is rigidly enforced.

AG 3088-O-Army-Knox-May 72-10M 2

MAJOR UNITS

US Army Armor Center

US Army Armor School

US Army ROTC Region II

US Army Readiness Region VI

KEY PERSONNEL

MG Donn A. Starry	Commander, US Army Armor Center/Commandant, US Army Armor School
MG Williard W. Scott	Commander, US Army Readiness Region VI
BG James M. Leslie	Commander, US Army ROTC Region II
BG Paul S. Williams, Jr.	Assistant Commandant, US Army Armor School
BG Walter F. Ulmer, Jr.	Deputy Commander, US Army Armor Center
COL (P) Glenn K. Otis	Chief, Tank Special Study Group

CLASS PROFILE  
ARMOR OFFICERS' ADVANCED COURSE  
FORT KNOX

Total Number of Students: 315

Average Age: 29

Average Active Duty Time: 5.6 years

Regular Army: 93 students

Other Than Regular Army: 216 students

USMC: 6 students

Marital Status: 269 married  
46 single

Civilian Education: College Graduates - 55%

PMOS: 1203/1204 - 252  
1542 - 50  
1802 - 6 (USMC)  
1193 - 2  
2683 - 1  
1180 - 1  
1328 - 2  
9446 - 1

Areas of Student Interest:

-- If the proposed system of providing an ASA company to each division is approved and operational control is given to the Division Commander, who will perform national level tasking currently performed in ASA units?

-- Will SI access become mandatory at the Command & General Staff College?

-- What is the average cost of a national agency check and of a routine background investigation?



-- What is the average completion time for a national agency check and for a routine background investigation?

-- Will unattended ground sensors (UGS) platoons be provided to all divisions?

-- What is the status of providing MI battalions in support of a division? What will be the composition of these new MI battalions?

SCHEDULE OF REMAINING  
INTELLIGENCE DAY BRIEFINGS  
1975

29 April (Tuesday)	Infantry School, Fort Benning, GA
26 June (Thursday)	Air Defense School, Fort Bliss, TX
27 June (Friday)	Intelligence School, Fort Huachuca, AZ